

GCSE

Spanish 8698/LH

Higher Tier Paper 1 Listening

Mark scheme June 2019

Version: 1.0 Final

Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aga.org.uk

Listening and Reading tests

General principles of marking

Non-verbal answers

Follow the mark scheme as set out.

Verbal answers (English or target language)

- 1. The basic principle of assessment is that students should gain credit for what they know, understand and can do; provided their written response communicates the required message without ambiguity, it will get the mark. The following guidance should be borne in mind when marking.
- (a) Credit should be given for all answers which convey the key idea required intelligibly and without ambiguity. This applies whether the answer is in English or target language. A separate assessment of spelling, punctuation and grammar is not required because of the nature of the answers. However, these aspects are an integral part of assessing communication and marks cannot be awarded where errors in spelling, punctuation or grammar lead to a failure to communicate the required information without ambiguity.
- (b) Where a student has given alternatives or additional information in an answer, the following criteria should be applied: if the alternative/addition does not contradict the key idea/make it ambiguous, **accept** If the alternative/addition contradicts the key idea or makes it ambiguous, **reject**.
- (c) Where numbered lines are given within a question/section of a question, credit should be given for correct answers, no matter which line they appear on.

- (d) Where a question has more than one **section (eg (i) and (ii)**, a candidate may include as part of the answer to one section the information required to answer another section. Eg, in Listening, information required to answer section (ii) might be given as part of the answer to section (i). In such cases, credit should be given for having answered section (ii), provided that no incorrect answer has been given for that section in the correct place on the question paper.
- 2. In questions where students are asked to give for example a list of three items, only the first three items they write down should be considered for assessment purposes.
- 3. No mark scheme can cover all possible answers. When in doubt, look for the key idea.
- 4. Where a student has crossed out an answer and what was underneath remains legible then it should be marked. When part of an answer is crossed out, then only what remains should be considered.
- 5. .../.. means that these are acceptable alternative answers in the mark scheme. (.....) means that this information is not needed for full marks to be awarded.
- 6. In questions which are T/F/? or \sqrt{X} ? in either Section A or Section B, a mix and match approach should be tolerated and credit given where it is clear and unambiguous (eg consistent use by the candidate). If candidates write 'True' instead of 'V' for Verdad in Section B, this should also be credited despite the wrong language being used.
- 7. The following general principles should be applied in relation to answers in the target language in Section B:
 - Incorrect personal pronouns accept (unless this causes ambiguity)
 - Incorrect possessive adjectives accept (unless this causes ambiguity)
 - Wrong gender accept (unless this causes ambiguity)
 - Infinitive will normally communicate without ambiguity, so should be accepted
 - Wrong tense accept as long as student comprehension is not in question
 - Minor spelling errors accept as long as the answer is understandable with no ambiguity. In Section B, this means that even if the spelling error results in the creation of a word in another language, including English, then provided it is a recognisable attempt at a spelling in the target language, it will be credited.

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
	old toys	unwanted toys/games	toys(on its own)	
		used toys/games	board games	
01		old games		2
01			children (on its own)	2
			children in need	
	sick children	ill/poorly/unwell children/kids	children in hospital	

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
	second hand uniform(s)		uniform(s) (on its own) secondary school uniforms	
02			home hospice old residents	2

Question	Accept	Mark
03	D	1
04	G	1
05	В	1
06	A	1
07	E	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
			cooking	
			lounge	
		the kitchen is pretty/new/nice/fancy	living room	
08	kitchen	her kitchen	everything but the living room	1
		kitchen-diner	the rooms	
			dining room /area	

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
		leisure centre		
		Sports Hall		
		Sports Complex		1
		sports centre facilities		
		sports centre is good	shopping centre	
		Gym/sports centre	good sports facilities	
		Installations of sport centre	sports pitch	
09	sports centre	sport centre's installations/facilities	sports ground	1
		Installations/equipment in the sports	Sports	
		centre	Leisure/sports places	
		Sports centre/leisure centre has		
		great installations		
		The sports centre (installations)		
		Sports centre installation		

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
10	river(s)		transport	1

	river and transport	
	the countryside	

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
		learn (some) words	learn sentences	
11	learn 20 words	learn vocabulary	learn (<i>wrong number of</i>) words	1
		revise/study vocab	practise/understand/list vocab	

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
12	buy him a (new/another) pencil	get (him) a (new/another) pencil	he wants a pencil case	1
	case	case	buy him pencils/pens	•

Que	estion	Accept	Mark
•	13	В	1

	Question	Accept	Mark
ſ	14	В	1

Question	Accept	Mark
15	A	1

Question Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
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	young people require support.		Young people need support (on its own) It's a period of change and they need to help them.	1
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Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
	themselves from parents	(They seem to) grow apart from their parents. They seem distant from their parents.	They don't pay as much attention to them. They spend less time with their parents.	1

Question	Accept	Mark
16.3	В	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
	place with (all) the <u>necessary</u> resources.	have somewhere peaceful with everything/the materials/ equipment they need.	(They should) provide a quiet place (on its own) (They should) offer a quiet space with all of the information they need. Keep quiet in the house and provide the necessary resources.	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
1/7	(Parents should not) do their	Do (the) work for them.	Do work (themselves). Do all the work. Give them too much help.	1

Question	Accept	Mark
18.1	A, K (in any order)	2
18.2	B, J (in any order)	2

Question	Accept	Mark
19.1	F, H (in any order)	2
19.2	D, E (in any order)	2

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
	 Is it worth 	Is it worth spending so much	Is it worth spending all that money on it?	
	 spending all that money 	money on the festival?	Is it worth spending all that money in/at the	
20	on the festival?		festival?	1
			Is it worth it to spend money on the festival?	
			References to party instead of festival	

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
21	foreign visitorswill come to the city/town?		How many foreigner visitors come/came/ would come to the city?	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark

	 What sectors 	Which sectors/parts/areas of the	What parts of the economy	
	 of the economy 	economy will benefit	benefit/benefited/would benefit most?	
22	will benefit most?	most/more?Which sectors of the		1
		economy are going to benefit/are		
		benefiting most/more?		

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
23	are you going to solvethe <u>problem</u> of rubbish?	solve the litter problem/issue?	How do/did/would you solve the problem of rubbish? How are you going to sort the rubbish?	1

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
24	Problem 1	wipes the files from the (computer) hard drive/hard disc	wipes the archives from the hard drive wipes the computer hard drive erases files from your computer	1
	Problem 2 illegal downloads in/on the music industry		illegal music downloads illegal downloads of the music industry	1

Question	Accept	Mark
25	В	1

Question	Accept	Mark
26.1	A	1
26.2	С	1
26.3	D	1

Question	Accept	Mark
	In this order Pasado = B, Ahora = F	2
	In this order Pasado = H, Futuro = E	2

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
	• nube(s)	nublado, nu <u>v</u> es	nubens, nubles	
	viento(s) (in any order)	vienta, veinto, <u>b</u> iento	veinte, vento	
29			niebla	2
	(If a student includes three or			
	more weather condition(s), one or			
	two of which is/are incorrect,			
	award a maximum of 1 mark)			

Question	Key ideas	Accept	Reject	Mark
30	 frío 	bastante frío		2

• sol (in any order)	,	menos sol tormenta(s)	
(If a student includes three or more weather condition(s), one or two of which is/are incorrect, award a maximum of 1 mark)			

Question	Accept	Mark
31	N	1

Question	Accept	Mark
32	P	1