

Specimen papers

Paper 3
Modern Depth Study

GCSE (9-1) History

Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9-1) in History (1HI0)

Introduction

These specimen papers have been produced to complement the accredited sample assessment materials for Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1) in History and are designed to provide extra practice for your students. The specimen papers are part of a suite of support materials offered by Pearson.

The specimen papers do not form part of the accredited materials for this qualification.

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Pearson Edexcel
GCSE (9–1)

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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History

Paper 3: Modern depth study

Option 33: The USA, 1954–75: conflict at home and abroad

Specimen assessment materials for first teaching
September 2016

Time: 1 hour 20 minutes

Paper Reference

1HI0/33

You must have:

Sources Booklet (enclosed)

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions in Sections A and B.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 52.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- The marks available for spelling, punctuation, grammar and use of specialist terminology are clearly indicated.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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SECTION A**Answer both questions.****Study Source A below and then answer Question 1.**

Source A: From an interview with General Westmoreland, given to the US media in 1979. Westmoreland commanded the US forces in Vietnam until June 1968 just after the Tet offensive.

Actions by opponents of the war in the United States were supported by the news media. The media, no doubt, helped to back up the message that the war was 'illegal' and 'immoral'. Then came the enemy's Tet Offensive of early 1968. The North Vietnamese and Vietcong suffered a military defeat. Despite this, reporting of the Tet Offensive by the press and television in the USA gave the impression of an endless war that could never be won.

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1 Give **two** things you can infer from Source A about coverage of the war in Vietnam by the US media.

Complete the table below to complete your answer.

(i) What I can infer:

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Details in the source that tell me this:

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(ii) What I can infer:

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Details in the source that tell me this:

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(Total for Question 1 = 4 marks)



SECTION B

For this section, you will need to use the sources and interpretations in the Sources/Interpretations Booklet.

3 (a) Study Sources B and C.

How useful are Sources B and C for an enquiry into the significance of the Brown versus Topeka Case (1954)?

Explain your answer, using Sources B and C and your own knowledge of the historical context.

(8)

Area with horizontal dotted lines for writing the answer.

[The live question paper will contain one more page of answer lines.]

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(c) Suggest **one** reason Interpretations 1 and 2 give different views about the significance of the Brown versus Topeka Case (1954).

You may use Sources B and C to help explain your answer.

(4)

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