Please check the examination de	etails below before ente	ering your candidate information
Candidate surname		Other names
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 GCSE (9–1)	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Thursday 16	May 20	19
Afternoon (Time: 2 hours)	Paper R	eference 1CP1/02
Computer Science Paper 2: Application of		onal Thinking
You must have: Pseudocode command set (en	closed)	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Use of a calculator is **prohibited**.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



(2)

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Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Questions in this paper are based on a scenario.

Margaret's Ice Cream Kiosk

Margaret runs an ice cream kiosk in a seaside town. She makes and sells ice cream. She also sells sweets, hot and cold drinks, and cookies.

1 Margaret has developed her own recipes for different flavours of ice cream. The recipes use only natural ingredients.

Here is Margaret's recipe for strawberry ice cream.

Margaret's Ice Cream Kiosk Strawberry ice cream ingredients

0.8 litres - Full fat milk

0.9 litres - Cream

0.3 kilograms - Sugar

12 Whole eggs

1.4 kilograms - Strawberries

15 millilitres - Vanilla

She stores all her recipes on a computer. One variable is needed to hold the amount of fruit and another is needed to hold the number of eggs.

(a) State **two** additional variables that need to be created to store the recipes for ice

1	
2	
(b) State the data type needed to store values for the weight of fruit and the nu of eggs in a recipe.	ımber
	(2)

Number of eggs

Weight of fruit

cream.



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(c) The process for making a single batch of ice cream is shown in the table.

Action	Time in minutes
Pre-freeze the ice cream maker	10
Add ingredients	5
Churn the ingredients into ice cream	30
Transfer the ice cream to tubs	5
Clean the machine	15

The ice cream maker must be sterilised at the end of each day. This takes 20 minutes.

Construct a general expression to show how many batches of ice cream can be made in any number of hours.

(2)
(Total for Question 1 = 6 marks)



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- **2** When stocks of items sold in the kiosk are low, they are reordered from the supplier. Any items that have passed their sell-by date are disposed of.
 - (a) A computer program can be used to determine when to dispose of or reorder cookies.

Complete the table to show an input, a process and an output, using the following information:

- each pack of cookies has a sell-by date
- there must always be at least 10 packs of each type of cookie in stock
- quantity ordered must bring the number of packs of each type up to 10.

(3)

Input	Process	Output
	Determine if the sell-by date is passed	Yes, dispose of pack of cookies No, keep pack of cookies
Number of packs of this type of cookie	Determine if number of packs < 10	
Number of packs of this type of cookie to reorder		Reorder this number of packs of this type of cookie

(b) Data about each item is encoded into text and is stored by a computer program as data type STRING. The format is the same for every item (DD MMM YYYY).

The data for chocolate chip cookie is shown.

L6041 8653 14 NOV 2019 L1017

Indexing is used to reference each location in the string.

State the indexing expression for the first character and the last character of the sell-by date.

(3)

First character

Last character

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(c)	The pseudocode for an	infinite loop is shown. 2 WHILE (True) DO 3 SET count TO count + 1 4 SEND count TO DISPLAY	
		5 END WHILE	
	(i) Identify the pseudoo	code that makes this an infinite loop.	(1)
		vould stop this code running when it is executing on a	
	computer.		(1)

(Total for Question 2 = 8 marks)

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3 Margaret needs to know when to open the ice cream kiosk.

The pseudocode for an algorithm that determines opening times is shown.

The values for *month* are 1 = January, 2 = February ... 12 = December.

The values for day are 1 = Monday, 2 = Tuesday... 7 = Sunday.

```
IF (month = 1) THEN
 3
        SEND ("Do not open") TO DISPLAY
 4
   ELSE
 5
       IF (month >= 5) AND (month <= 9) THEN
            IF (day >= 1) AND (day <= 5) THEN
 6
                SEND ("12:00 to 18:30") TO DISPLAY
 7
8
            ELSE
 9
                IF (day = 6) OR (day = 7) THEN
10
                    SEND ("12:00 to 20:00") TO DISPLAY
11
                ELSE
                    SEND ("High season day error") TO DISPLAY
12
13
                END IF
14
            END IF
15
       ELSE
16
            IF (month >= 2) AND (month <= 12) THEN
17
                IF (day >= 1) AND (day <= 5) THEN
18
                    SEND ("13:00 to 17:00") TO DISPLAY
19
                ELSE
20
                    IF (day = 6) OR (day = 7) THEN
21
                        SEND ("13:00 to 18:00") TO DISPLAY
22
                    ELSE
23
                        SEND ("Low season day error") TO DISPLAY
24
                    END IF
25
                END IF
26
            ELSE
27
                SEND ("Month error") TO DISPLAY
28
            END IF
29
        END IF
30 END IF
```

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(a) Complete the table to show the output of the pseudocode algorithm, based on the given inputs.

(3)

lnı	out	Output diaplaced
month	day	Output displayed
1	5	
6	4	
3	7	

(b) The pseudocode algorithm needs to be tested.

Construct test data to meet the requirements set out in the table.

(3)

Do muivo monto	Input		
Requirements	month	day	
A condition generating '12:00 to 20:00'			
A condition generating 'Month error'			
A condition generating 'Low season day error'			

(Total for Question 3 = 6 marks)

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(a) The pse	eudocode o	f an algori	thm is sh	own.					
w = 0	REPEAT	SET w	TO w	+ 1	SEND	w TO	DISPLAY	UNTII	_ w =
	e programm ed and exe		ages, if a	progr	am is w	ritten li	ke this, it coι	ıld be	
Discuss	the suitabi	lity of this	code for	huma	ins and	how it (could be imp	roved.	(6)



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(b) A pseudocode algorithm that manipulates sales figures is shown.

```
SET num TO 0
 3
   SET x TO 999
 4
   SET y TO 0
 5
 6
   FOR EACH num FROM "SalesFile.txt" DO
 7
        IF (num < x) THEN
8
            SET x TO num
 9
        IF (num > y) THEN
10
            SET y TO num
11
   END FOREACH
12
13
   SEND x & " " & y TO DISPLAY
```

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(i) The first four inputs from the file to the algorithm are 355, 554, 199, and 409.

Complete the trace table showing the execution of the pseudocode with these four inputs. You may not need to fill in all the rows in the table.

(6)

num	x	у	Display

(ii)	State the	purpose c	of this algorithm.	
` '				

(1)

(Total for Question 4 = 13 marks)

- **5** Errors are revealed when program code is translated and executed.
 - (a) Here is an error that a programmer received when writing and testing some code.



Explain this type of error.

- //	-	٦
-	- 3	
٠.	_	



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THIS

DO NOT WRITE IN

(b) Margaret is having a new decorative banner fitted around her kiosk. The kiosk is a rectangle 5 metres long and 3 metres wide. The door and serving window take up one of the shorter sides, so it does not need the banner.

The pseudocode for an algorithm that determines the length of banner needed is shown.

- 2 SEND "Enter length: " TO DISPLAY
- 3 RECEIVE length FROM (INTEGER) KEYBOARD
- 4 SEND "Enter width: " TO DISPLAY
- 5 RECEIVE width FROM (INTEGER) KEYBOARD
- 6 SET totalWidth TO 2 * width
- 7 SET totalLength TO 2 * length
- 8 SET total TO totalWidth * totalLength
- 9 SEND "The amount needed is: " & total TO DISPLAY

Line 6 and line 8 have logic errors.

Identify the error in each line and construct new lines of code that will correct the errors.

(4)

	Error	Correction
Line 6		
Line 8		

(Total for Question 5 = 6 marks)

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WRITE

- **6** Margaret uses a program to help her determine the selling price for each batch of ice cream based on the production cost, profit and tax.
 - (a) The pseudocode for an algorithm to calculate the selling price of ice cream is shown. The items TAX and PROFIT are constants.

```
CONST REAL TAX
   SET TAX TO 0.20
 3
   CONST REAL PROFIT
   SET PROFIT TO 0.06
 6
7
   SEND "Welcome to the selling price calculator" TO DISPLAY
8
   # input the production cost
   SEND "Enter production cost:" TO DISPLAY
10
   RECEIVE costProd FROM (REAL) KEYBOARD
11
12
   # add 6% to production cost
13
   SET profit TO PROFIT * costProd
14
15
   # add 20% tax to total cost
16
   SET tax TO TAX * (costProd + profit)
17
18
   # calculate total selling price
19
   SET sellingPrice TO costProd + tax + profit
20
21
   # print total cost, production cost, profit, tax
   SEND "Your calculation is shown below" TO DISPLAY
22
23
   SEND "Price: " & sellingPrice TO DISPLAY
24
   SEND "Production: " & costProd TO DISPLAY
25
   SEND "Profit: " & profit TO DISPLAY
   SEND "Tax: " & tax TO DISPLAY
```

Explain why it is good programming practice to define values as constants, rather than as fixed values in the code.

(2)

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(b) The partially completed pseudocode for a different algorithm to calculate the selling price of ice cream is shown. It uses a subprogram.

```
SET message TO "Welcome to the selling price calculator"
 7
8
                    calcProfitAndTax (
 9
   BEGIN
10
       SET message TO "Your calculation is shown below"
11
       # add profit to production cost
12
       SET profit TO inProfit * inProd
13
14
       # add tax to total cost
15
       SET tax TO inTax * (inProd + profit)
16
17
       # calculate total selling price
18
       SET sellingPrice TO inProd + tax + profit
19
20
       # print total cost, production cost, profit, tax
21
       SEND message TO DISPLAY
22
       SEND "Price: " & sellingPrice TO DISPLAY
23
       SEND "Production: " & inProd TO DISPLAY
24
       SEND "Profit: " & profit TO DISPLAY
25
       SEND "Tax: " & tax TO DISPLAY
26
   END
27
28
   SEND message TO DISPLAY
   # input the production cost, required profit, and tax rate
29
30
   SEND "Enter production cost: TO DISPLAY
   RECEIVE costProd FROM (REAL) KEYBOARD
31
32
   SEND "Enter required profit: TO DISPLAY
33
   RECEIVE reqProfit FROM (REAL) KEYBOARD
   SEND "Enter tax rate: TO DISPLAY
34
35
   RECEIVE rateTax FROM (REAL) KEYBOARD
36
37
```

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(i)	Complete the pseudocode by supplying values for the blanks.	
	Line 8	
	Line 9	
	Line 26	
	Line 36	
(ii)	Explain how the correct value for the variable message is chosen on line 21.	(2)
(iii	The user enters the value for tax rate on line 35. Tax is a percentage, for example, 0.03 is 3% tax. The entered value needs to be validated.	
	Construct two validation tests. Test data for Test 1 is provided.	
	Give an example of invalid test data for Test 2.	(3)

Test	Validation test	Test data
Test 1		-0.03
Test 2		

(Total for Question 6 = 12 marks)



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- 7 Margaret has introduced a loyalty scheme for the ice cream kiosk customers.
 - (a) Each month, Margaret emails a statement to the loyalty scheme members. An example statement is shown.

Member Number: 987654

Dear Tom.

You have made 123 visits to the ice cream kiosk. You have spent £246.31. You have collected 210 points in total and have redeemed 75 points. Your current balance is 135 points.

Thank you for visiting Margaret's Ice Cream Kiosk.

Draw a diagram of a data structure suitable for storing this data. Include data for at least **two** members of the loyalty scheme.

(3)

18



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(b) Margaret wants to send out vouchers to eve A logical looping construct is needed in the happen.State the most appropriate type of loop andType of loop	programming code to make this	(2)
Justification		



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(c) An algorithm that displays information about the number of members in the loyalty scheme is shown.

The use of multiple selection statements in this algorithm is inefficient.

```
2 SET numMembers TO 300
```

3

- 4 IF (numMembers >= 100) THEN
- 5 SEND "100+" TO DISPLAY
- 6 END IF
- 7 IF (numMembers >= 50) AND (numMembers <= 99) THEN
- 8 SEND "50-99" TO DISPLAY
- 9 END IF
- 10 IF (numMembers >= 25) AND (numMembers <= 49) THEN
- 11 SEND "25-49" TO DISPLAY
- 12 END IF
- 13 IF (numMembers < 25) THEN
- 14 SEND "Less than 25" TO DISPLAY
- 15 END IF

Explain how the algorithm should be amended to address this inefficiency.

(3)

(Total for Question 7 = 8 marks)

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- Margaret is making some special offers to customers.
 - (a) Customers can get a money off voucher for their favourite item.
 - Customers whose favourite item is ice cream get a money off voucher for ice cream.
 - Customers whose favourite item is cookies get a money off voucher for cookies.
 - Customers who do not choose either get a money off voucher for drinks.



This shape represents input or output.

Complete the flowchart to show this process.

(6)



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(b) Some customers can get a free cookie when they buy a hot drink.

A program needs to tell Margaret which customers qualify for a free cookie. She gives a free cookie to the first 10 customers who buy a hot drink.

A subprogram called waitForPurchase() pauses the program until the next customer makes a purchase.

A call to this subprogram is denoted in the flowchart as

waitForPurchase



This shape represents input or output.

Draw a flowchart to display a 'Free cookie' message so that the first 10 customers who buy a hot drink also get a free cookie.

Please draw your flowchart on pages 25, 26 and 27. You may not need all of this space for your answer.

Please draw a line through any work you do not want to be marked.

(6)



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(Total for Question 8 = 12 marks)



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- **9** The ice cream kiosk has a set of freezers for storing ice cream. If a freezer malfunctions, then Margaret needs to be informed.
 - The perfect temperature for storing ice cream is -18°C.
 - A permissible temperature tolerance is plus or minus one degree Celsius.
 - An output message must be displayed to show the number and temperature of any freezer falling outside tolerance.
 - The output message for each freezer must be on a single line.
 - · No other messages should be displayed.
 - A global data structure holding the temperatures is provided and must be used as part of the solution.

SET freezers TO [-20, -19, -18, -17, -16, 0, 1]

• The solution should work even if the number of freezers in the data structure is changed.

An example output is shown.

Freezer 0 is out of tolerance: -20 Freezer 4 is out of tolerance: -16 Freezer 5 is out of tolerance: 0 Freezer 6 is out of tolerance: 1

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Write an algorithm to inform Margaret if any of the freezers are faulty. Use pseudocode or a programming language with which you are familiar.

Please write your algorithm on pages 29, 30 and 31. You may not need all of this space for your answer.

Please draw a line through any work you do not want to be marked.

(9)

SET freezers TO [-20, -19, -18, -17, -16, 0, 1]

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 80 MARKS



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