Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information			
Candidate surname		Other names	
Centre Number Candidate No Pearson Edexcel Level		el 2 GCSE (9–1)	
Time 1 hour 45 minutes	Paper reference	1BI0/2H	
Biology		♦	
PAPER 2			
Higher Tier			
You must have: Calculator, ruler		Total Marks	

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- Any diagrams may NOT be accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out with your answer clearly identified at the end of your solution.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- In questions marked with an **asterisk** (*), marks will be awarded for your ability to structure your answer logically, showing how the points that you make are related or follow on from each other where appropriate.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶







Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

1	(a) Blo	oodwo	orms	in a pond indicate that the water is polluted.	
	(i)	Whic	:h sp	ecies also indicates that the water is polluted?	(1)
		×	A	fertiliser	(1)
		×	В	lichen	
		×	C	stonefly	
		X	D	sludgeworm	
	(ii)			rms have a high level of haemoglobin in their blood. ason why this helps them survive in polluted water.	(1)
	(iii) Carb	on d	lioxide diffuses from the body of the bloodworm into the water.	
		Give	two	factors that affect the rate of diffusion.	(2)
1					(-)
I					
2					



(b) Figure 1 shows part of a diseased rose plant from a garden.



(Source: © Manfred Ruckszio/Shutterstock)

Figure 1

Explain what Figure 1 indicates about the air quality in the	garden. (2)
(Tota	l for Question 1 = 6 marks)



2 (a) Figure 2 shows xylem and phloem from the stem of a plant.

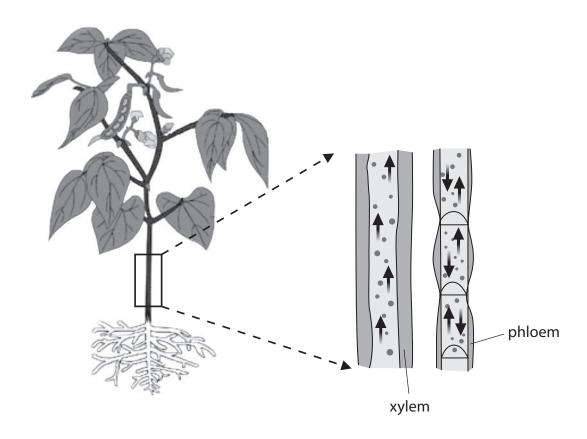


Figure 2

(i) Living cells in phloem use energy to transport sucrose.

Which organelles release energy in living cells?

.

- **A** vacuoles
- B mitochondria
- **D** ribosomes
- (ii) Describe **two** features of the structure of xylem vessels that can be seen in Figure 2.

1

2.....



(1)

(2)

(b) A scientist investigated how the flow of air affected the rate of transpiration in a plant.

A fan was used to change the flow of air.

The volume of water taken up by the plant was measured.

Figure 3 shows the results of this investigation.

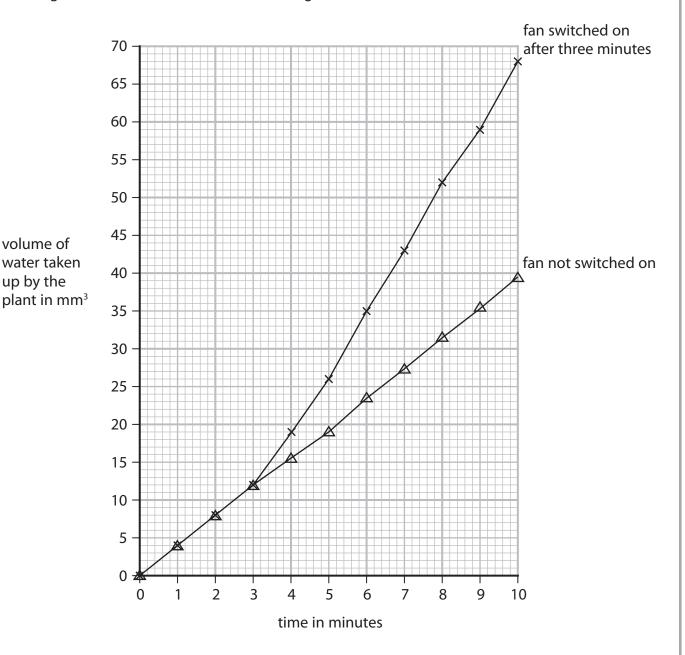


Figure 3

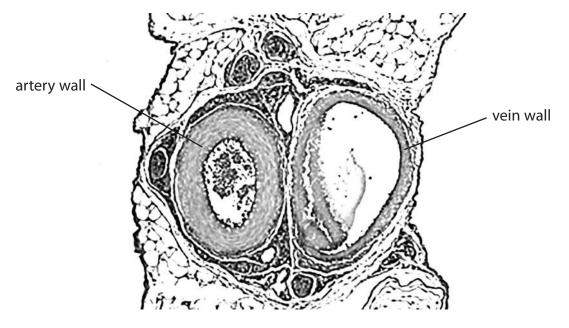
volume of

up by the

(1)	Explain why switching on the fan caused a change in the volume of water taken up by the plant.	(3)
(ii)	Give one reason why the volume of water taken up by the plant was also	
	measured when the fan was not switched on.	(1)
		,
(iii)	Calculate the rate of water uptake from 8 minutes to 10 minutes when the fan was switched on.	
	Use the equation	
	rate of water uptake = $\frac{\text{volume of water taken up}}{\text{time taken}}$	
	time taken	(2)
	mm	³ per minute



3 (a) Figure 4 shows a cross-section of an artery and a vein.



(Source: © The University of Kansas Medical Center)

Figure 4

(i)	Explain one difference between the artery wall and the vein wall shown
	in Figure 4.

(2)

(ii) Name **one** structure that is found in veins but not found in arteries.

(1)



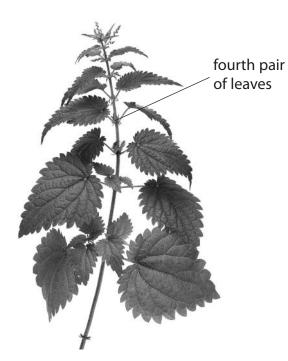
(b) A human body has 5 dm ³ of blood.		
At rest 20% of the blood travels to the muscles.		
During exercise 60% of the blood travels to the muscles.		
(i) Calculate the volume of blood travelling to the muscles during exercise.	(2)	
		dm
(ii) Explain one reason why there is an increase in blood flow to muscles during exercise.		
duffing exercise.	(2)	

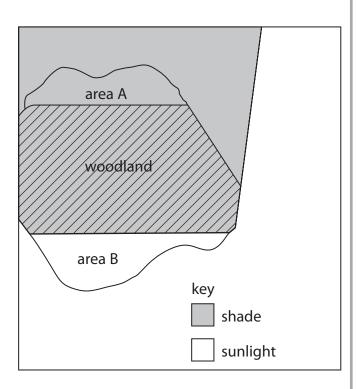
(Total for Question 3 = 7 marks)

4 A student investigated the width of leaves on nettle plants growing in two areas next to a woodland.

Figure 5a shows a nettle plant and Figure 5b shows a map of the woodland showing area A and area B.

The woodland caused area A to be in the shade.





(Source: © Alila Medical Media/Shutterstock)

Figure 5a Figure 5b

The student measured the maximum width of leaves on five plants from each area.

The student always measured one leaf from the fourth pair of leaves.

(a) Give **one** reason why the student always measured a leaf from the fourth pair of leaves.

(1)

(b) Figure 6 shows the results.

mottle plant	width of the leaf in millimetres (mm)		
nettle plant	area A	area B	
1	45	33	
2	50	25	
3	48	27	
4	52	48)	
5	47	28	
mean	48	28	

Figure 6

(i) Why did the student **not** include the circled width when calculating the mean for area B?

(1)

- A it has not been measured in millimetres
- **B** it is an anomalous result
- C it is a repeat result
- **D** it is the mode value
- (ii) Explain the difference in the mean width of leaves in the shade and those in the sunlight.

(2)



(c) The student also studied some of the animals in areas A and B.

The student saw caterpillars eating the leaves of some nettles.

The student also saw a toad eating a large beetle.

Large beetles eat ladybirds.

Ladybirds eat caterpillars.

(i) Give the food chain for these feeding relationships.

(3)

(ii) Frogs also eat large beetles.

Figure 7 shows the energy transferred between these animals.

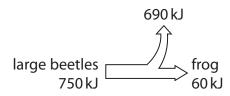


Figure 7

Calculate the percentage efficiency of energy transfer from the large beetles to the frog.

(2)

0/

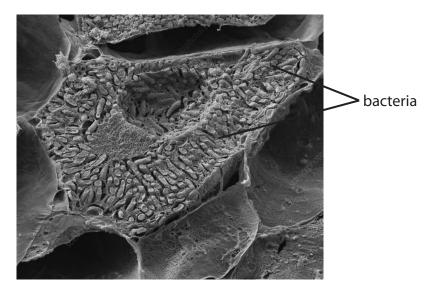


	(Total for Question 4 = 11 m	arks)
2		
1		
		(2)
	(iii) Give two reasons why only some of the energy in the biomass of the large beetles is transferred to the biomass of the frog.	(0)

5 (a) Figure 8 shows a cross-section of a root nodule on a leguminous plant.

Bacteria in the root nodule provide the leguminous plant with nitrogen compounds.

The leguminous plant provides the bacteria with sugars.



(Source: © Nigel Downer/Science Photo Library)

Figure 8

(i)	Which term describes the relationship between this leguminous plan	t and
	the bacteria?	

(1)

- A parasitism
- **B** indigenous
- **D** mutualism
- (ii) The width of this root nodule is 7.5 mm.

Give the width in μm .

(1)

um

(b) Figure O chave part of the nitrogen great	
(b) Figure 9 shows part of the nitrogen cycle.	
dead animals and plants \xrightarrow{X} ammonia \xrightarrow{Y} nitrates	
Figure 9	
(i) Identify the types of microorganism involved in process X and process Y.	(2)
Υ	
(ii) Explain how crop rotation increases nitrate levels in the soil.	(3)
(iii) Explain why increased nitrate levels in the soil improve crop yield.	(2)
(Total for Question 5 = 9	marks)



6	(a)	The combined contraceptive pill contains artificial versions of	
		oestrogen and progesterone.	
		(i) Explain how the combined contraceptive pill prevents pregnancy.	(2)
			(2)
		(ii) When taken correctly, the combined pill can be over 99% effective.	
		Taking the combined pill can lead to weight gain.	
		Give one other disadvantage of using the combined pill as the only method	
		of contraception.	(4)
			(1)
	(b)	Excessive weight gain and obesity increase the likelihood of developing type 2 diabetes.	
		Explain the effect of type 2 diabetes on the body.	(3)

(c) A woman had unexplained weight loss and fatigue. She had blood tests to investigate the cause of these symptoms.

Figure 10 shows the results.

blood test	woman's result	normal range
TSH level	5.6 mU/l	0.4 to 4.9 mU/l
thyroxine level	27.5 pmol/l	9.0 to 21.0 pmol/l
red blood cell count	5.2 × 10 ⁶ cells/μl	4.2 to 5.4×10^6 cells/ μ l
glucose level	82.0 mg/dl	72.0 to 99.0 mg/dl

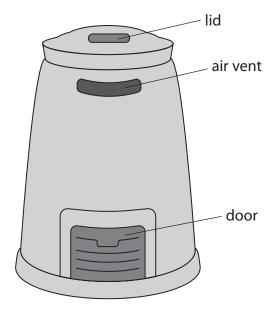
Figure 10

Comment on the results of these blood tests and the possible causes of the woman's weight loss and fatigue.

	(Total for Quest	ion 6 = 10 marks)

7 (a) A gardener read information on a gardening society website about how to use a compost bin.

Figure 11 shows the compost bin and some of the instructions.



- add soil in between layers of vegetation
- mix the contents of the compost bin once a month to add air
- keep the lid on to prevent water entering

Figure 11

(i	Give one reason why the gardener thought the gardening society website was a good source of information.	(1)
(i	Give reasons why soil is added to the compost bin and why the contents are turned to add air.	(2)



(iii) The gardener noticed the compost bin became warm a few days after vegetation was added.

Why did the contents of the compost bin become warm?

(1)

(1)

- A respiration occurred and this is an endothermic reaction
- **B** respiration occurred and this is an exothermic reaction
- ☐ C photosynthesis occurred and this is an endothermic reaction
- **D** photosynthesis occurred and this is an exothermic reaction
- (iv) The mass of the contents of the compost bin at the start was 40 kg.

After 60 days the mass of the contents was 32 kg.

Which is the rate of decay?

- **A** 1.8 kg per day
- **B** 0.66 kg per day
- **D** 0.13 kg per day

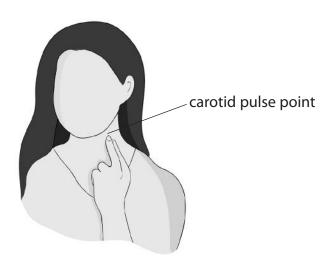
of plants and fruits.			(6)
			(-)
	(Total for O	estion 7 = 11 n	aarks)



8 The effect of different types of exercise on the heart rate of an athlete was investigated.

The athlete counted the number of beats in 10 seconds at the carotid artery pulse point, as shown in Figure 12.

This measurement was used to calculate the heart rate.



(Source: © dityazemli/Shutterstock)

Figure 12

The athlete exercised for 20 minutes.

The heart rate was recorded every 5 minutes during each type of exercise.

(a) (i) State how the heart rate was calculated using	ng this method.
	(1)

(ii) Give **two** ways of improving the method used to obtain the data needed to calculate the heart rate.

(2)

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Figure 13 shows the results of this investigation.

type of		he	eart rate in bp	m	
exercise	0 minutes	5 minutes	10 minutes	15 minutes	20 minutes
running	90	156	168	180	180
walking	90	96	90	96	90

Figure 13

(iii) Comment on the difference in the heart rates during these types of exercise.	
	(3)

b) Exercise increases adrenalin levels.	
(i) State which endocrine gland secretes adrenalin.	(1)
(ii) Explain the effect of adrenalin on liver cells during exercis	e. (3)
After high intensity eversion the NU of muscles can decrease	from pU 70 to
c) After high intensity exercise, the pH of muscles can decrease pH 6.3.	ποιπ μπ 7.0 το
Explain this change in pH.	(2)



9 (a) Scientists use a technique called mark and recapture to estimate animal populations in a habitat.

A sample of the population is captured and a harmless mark is added to each animal.

These animals are released and after a period of time the population is sampled again.

This second sample includes some recaptured animals that have marks on them.

The population can be estimated using this equation

$$population \ size = \frac{number \ marked \ in \ the \ first \ sample \times size \ of \ the \ second \ sample}{number \ recaptured \ in \ the \ second \ sample}$$

A scientist used this technique to determine the change in the population size of snails in a pond from March to July.

Figure 14 shows the results.

month	number marked in the first sample	size of the second sample	number of recaptured animals	population size
March	18	22	8	50
July	12	18	10	

Figure 14

(i) Using data from Figure 14, calculate the difference in the population size from March to July.

(3)

Difference in the population size



	(ii) State two factors the scientist should control when sampling the habitat in March and July.	(2)
1		
2		
(b	This pond is affected by eutrophication. Explain one possible cause of eutrophication.	
		(2)
		(2)
		(2)



*(c) Reforestation has a beneficial effect on air composition and biodiversity. Animal conservation projects can also have a beneficial effect on biodiversity.				
Explain the beneficial effects of reforestation and anii	mal conservation projects. (6)			
Т)	otal for Question 9 = 13 marks)			



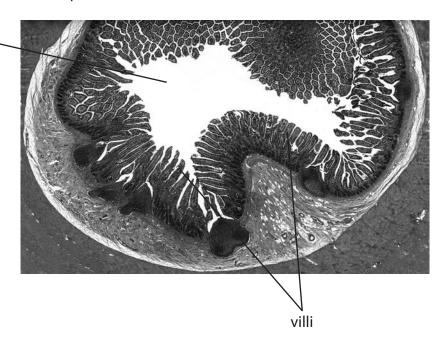
		ing, an athlete noticed some types of T-shirts became wetter and e to sweating.	
		•	
		e has three T-shirts, each made of a different material.	
Devis	e a m	ethod this athlete could use to find the best T-shirt for training.	(3)
			(3)
(b) Athle	tes of	ten eat a high protein diet.	
	hich	is the test and result for a food containing protein?	(1)
	hich		(1)
(i) W	hich	is the test and result for a food containing protein?	(1)
(i) W	hich A B	is the test and result for a food containing protein? Benedict's reagent is used and the solution turns brick red	(1)



(ii) Digested protein is absorbed in the small intestine by diffusion.

Figure 15 shows part of the small intestine.

lumen of the small intestine



(Source: © Science Photo Library C047/6177)

Figure 15

Using Figure 15 and Fick's law, explain the effect of the villi on the rate of diffusion.	
	(3)
(iii) Digested protein enters the blood as amino acids.	
State which component of the blood transports amino acids.	
	(1)

(c	Explain how high levels of amino acids in the blood cause a high concentration of urea in urine.				
	area in arme.	(4)			
	(Total for Question 10 = 12 marks)				

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 100 MARKS







