

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel
Level 3 GCE**

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Time 2 hours

Paper
reference

9PS0/01

Psychology

Advanced

PAPER 1: Foundations in Psychology

You do not need any other materials.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*
- The list of formulae and statistical tables are printed at the start of this paper.
- Candidates may use a calculator.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Good luck with your examination.

Turn over ►

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FORMULAE AND STATISTICAL TABLES

Standard deviation (sample estimate)

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{\sum(x - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}\right)}$$

Spearman's rank correlation coefficient

$$1 - \frac{6 \sum d^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$$

Critical values for Spearman's rank

N	Level of significance for a one-tailed test				
	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005	0.0025
	Level of significance for a two-tailed test				
	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005
5	0.900	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
6	0.829	0.886	0.943	1.000	1.000
7	0.714	0.786	0.893	0.929	0.964
8	0.643	0.738	0.833	0.881	0.905
9	0.600	0.700	0.783	0.833	0.867
10	0.564	0.648	0.745	0.794	0.830
11	0.536	0.618	0.709	0.755	0.800
12	0.503	0.587	0.678	0.727	0.769
13	0.484	0.560	0.648	0.703	0.747
14	0.464	0.538	0.626	0.679	0.723
15	0.446	0.521	0.604	0.654	0.700
16	0.429	0.503	0.582	0.635	0.679
17	0.414	0.485	0.566	0.615	0.662
18	0.401	0.472	0.550	0.600	0.643
19	0.391	0.460	0.535	0.584	0.628
20	0.380	0.447	0.520	0.570	0.612
21	0.370	0.435	0.508	0.556	0.599
22	0.361	0.425	0.496	0.544	0.586
23	0.353	0.415	0.486	0.532	0.573
24	0.344	0.406	0.476	0.521	0.562
25	0.337	0.398	0.466	0.511	0.551
26	0.331	0.390	0.457	0.501	0.541
27	0.324	0.382	0.448	0.491	0.531
28	0.317	0.375	0.440	0.483	0.522
29	0.312	0.368	0.433	0.475	0.513
30	0.306	0.362	0.425	0.467	0.504

The calculated value must be equal to or exceed the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.



Chi-squared distribution formula

$$X^2 = \sum \frac{(O-E)^2}{E}$$

$$df = (r - 1)(c - 1)$$

Critical values for chi-squared distribution

Level of significance for a one-tailed test						
	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005	0.0005
Level of significance for a two-tailed test						
df	0.20	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.001
1	1.64	2.71	3.84	5.02	6.64	10.83
2	3.22	4.61	5.99	7.38	9.21	13.82
3	4.64	6.25	7.82	9.35	11.35	16.27
4	5.99	7.78	9.49	11.14	13.28	18.47
5	7.29	9.24	11.07	12.83	15.09	20.52
6	8.56	10.65	12.59	14.45	16.81	22.46
7	9.80	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	24.32
8	11.03	13.36	15.51	17.54	20.09	26.12
9	12.24	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	27.88
10	13.44	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	29.59
11	14.63	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.73	31.26
12	15.81	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	32.91
13	16.99	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	34.53
14	18.15	21.06	23.69	26.12	29.14	36.12
15	19.31	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	37.70
16	20.47	23.54	26.30	28.85	32.00	39.25
17	21.62	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	40.79
18	22.76	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.81	42.31
19	23.90	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	43.82
20	25.04	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	45.32
21	26.17	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	46.80
22	27.30	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	48.27
23	28.43	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	49.73
24	29.55	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	51.18
25	30.68	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	52.62
26	31.80	35.56	38.89	41.92	45.64	54.05
27	32.91	36.74	40.11	43.20	46.96	55.48
28	34.03	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	56.89
29	35.14	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	58.30
30	36.25	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	59.70
40	47.27	51.81	55.76	59.34	63.69	73.40
50	58.16	63.17	67.51	71.42	76.15	86.66
60	68.97	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	99.61
70	79.72	85.53	90.53	95.02	100.43	112.32

The calculated value must be equal to or exceed the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.

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Mann-Whitney U test formulae

$$U_a = n_a n_b + \frac{n_a(n_a+1)}{2} - \sum R_a$$

$$U_b = n_a n_b + \frac{n_b(n_b+1)}{2} - \sum R_b$$

(U is the smaller of U_a and U_b)

Critical values for the Mann-Whitney U test

		N_b															
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
N_a																	
$p \leq 0.05$ (one-tailed), $p \leq 0.10$ (two-tailed)																	
5	4	5	6	8	9	11	12	13	15	16	18	19	20	22	23	25	
6	5	7	8	10	12	14	16	17	19	21	23	25	26	28	30	32	
7	6	8	11	13	15	17	19	21	24	26	28	30	33	35	37	39	
8	8	10	13	15	18	20	23	26	28	31	33	36	39	41	44	47	
9	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48	51	54	
10	11	14	17	20	24	27	31	34	37	41	44	48	51	55	58	62	
11	12	16	19	23	27	31	34	38	42	46	50	54	57	61	65	69	
12	13	17	21	26	30	34	38	42	47	51	55	60	64	68	72	77	
13	15	19	24	28	33	37	42	47	51	56	61	65	70	75	80	84	
14	16	21	26	31	36	41	46	51	56	61	66	71	77	82	87	92	
15	18	23	28	33	39	44	50	55	61	66	72	77	83	88	94	100	
16	19	25	30	36	42	48	54	60	65	71	77	83	89	95	101	107	
17	20	26	33	39	45	51	57	64	70	77	83	89	96	102	109	115	
18	22	28	35	41	48	55	61	68	75	82	88	95	102	109	116	123	
19	23	30	37	44	51	58	65	72	80	87	94	101	109	116	123	130	
20	25	32	39	47	54	62	69	77	84	92	100	107	115	123	130	138	



N_a	N_b															
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
$p \leq 0.01$ (one-tailed), $p \leq 0.02$ (two-tailed)																
5	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
6	2	3	4	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	15	16	18	19	20	22
7	3	4	6	7	9	11	12	14	16	17	19	21	23	24	26	28
8	4	6	7	9	11	13	15	17	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
9	5	7	9	11	14	16	18	21	23	26	28	31	33	36	38	40
10	6	8	11	13	16	19	22	24	27	30	33	36	38	41	44	47
11	7	9	12	15	18	22	25	28	31	34	37	41	44	47	50	53
12	8	11	14	17	21	24	28	31	35	38	42	46	49	53	56	60
13	9	12	16	20	23	27	31	35	39	43	47	51	55	59	63	67
14	10	13	17	22	26	30	34	38	43	47	51	56	60	65	69	73
15	11	15	19	24	28	33	37	42	47	51	56	61	66	70	75	80
16	12	16	21	26	31	36	41	46	51	56	61	66	71	76	82	87
17	13	18	23	28	33	38	44	49	55	60	66	71	77	82	88	93
18	14	19	24	30	36	41	47	53	59	65	70	76	82	88	94	100
19	15	20	26	32	38	44	50	56	63	69	75	82	88	94	101	107
20	16	22	28	34	40	47	53	60	67	73	80	87	93	100	107	114

N_a	N_b															
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
$p \leq 0.025$ (one-tailed), $p \leq 0.05$ (two-tailed)																
5	2	3	5	6	7	8	9	11	12	13	14	15	17	18	19	20
6	3	5	6	8	10	11	13	14	16	17	19	21	22	24	25	27
7	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34
8	6	8	10	13	15	17	19	22	24	26	29	31	34	36	38	41
9	7	10	12	15	17	20	23	26	28	31	34	37	39	42	45	48
10	8	11	14	17	20	23	26	29	33	36	39	42	45	48	52	55
11	9	13	16	19	23	26	30	33	37	40	44	47	51	55	58	62
12	11	14	18	22	26	29	33	37	41	45	49	53	57	61	65	69
13	12	16	20	24	28	33	37	41	45	50	54	59	63	67	72	76
14	13	17	22	26	31	36	40	45	50	55	59	64	67	74	78	83
15	14	19	24	29	34	39	44	49	54	59	64	70	75	80	85	90
16	15	21	26	31	37	42	47	53	59	64	70	75	81	86	92	98
17	17	22	28	34	39	45	51	57	63	67	75	81	87	93	99	105
18	18	24	30	36	42	48	55	61	67	74	80	86	93	99	106	112
19	19	25	32	38	45	52	58	65	72	78	85	92	99	106	113	119
20	20	27	34	41	48	55	62	69	76	83	90	98	105	112	119	127



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N_a	N_b															
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
$p \leq 0.005$ (one-tailed), $p \leq 0.01$ (two-tailed)																
5	0	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
6	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	10	11	12	13	15	16	17	18
7	1	3	4	6	7	9	10	12	13	15	16	18	19	21	22	24
8	2	4	6	7	9	11	13	15	17	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
9	3	5	7	9	11	13	16	18	20	22	24	27	29	31	33	36
10	4	6	9	11	13	16	18	21	24	26	29	31	34	37	39	42
11	5	7	10	13	16	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45	48
12	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	31	34	37	41	44	47	51	54
13	7	10	13	17	20	24	27	31	34	38	42	45	49	53	56	60
14	7	11	15	18	22	26	30	34	38	42	46	50	54	58	63	67
15	8	12	16	20	24	29	33	37	42	46	51	55	60	64	69	73
16	9	13	18	22	27	31	36	41	45	50	55	60	65	70	74	79
17	10	15	19	24	29	34	39	44	49	54	60	65	70	75	81	86
18	11	16	21	26	31	37	42	47	53	58	64	70	75	81	87	92
19	12	17	22	28	33	39	45	51	56	63	69	74	81	87	93	99
20	13	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	67	73	79	86	92	99	105

The calculated value must be equal to or less than the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.



Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test process

- Calculate the difference between two scores by taking one from the other
- Rank the differences giving the smallest difference Rank 1

Note: do not rank any differences of 0 and when adding the number of scores, do not count those with a difference of 0, and ignore the signs when calculating the difference

- Add up the ranks for positive differences
- Add up the ranks for negative differences
- T is the figure that is the smallest when the ranks are totalled (may be positive or negative)
- N is the number of scores left, ignore those with 0 difference

Critical values for the Wilcoxon Signed Ranks test

<i>n</i>	Level of significance for a one-tailed test		
	0.05	0.025	0.01
	Level of significance for a two-tailed test		
	0.1	0.05	0.02
N=5	0	-	-
6	2	0	-
7	3	2	0
8	5	3	1
9	8	5	3
10	11	8	5
11	13	10	7
12	17	13	9

The calculated value must be equal to or less than the critical value in this table for significance to be shown.



Answer ALL questions.

SECTION A

Social Psychology

1 In your studies of social psychology, you will have learned about prejudice.

(a) Using an example, describe what is meant by 'prejudice'.

(2)

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(b) Explain **one** way that individual differences in personality could affect prejudice.

(2)

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(c) Explain **one** way that culture could affect prejudice.

(2)

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(Total for Question 1 = 6 marks)

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2 Francis has recently joined a new dance team. His friend Jason is in a different dance team. The regional semi-final of a major dance competition is taking place at the weekend, and both teams are taking part.

Francis has started making disrespectful comments about Jason on social media and in college. Jason retaliated and told students at the college that Francis's team would never win the competition as Francis cannot dance.

Using realistic conflict theory, describe the behaviour of Francis and Jason.

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(Total for Question 2 = 4 marks)



3 Evaluate the use of questionnaires for research in social psychology.

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(Total for Question 3 = 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 18 MARKS



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SECTION B

Cognitive Psychology

4 During a psychology lesson, Saima was asked to recall the contents of her history classroom. Some of the items she recalled included; 15 tables, a clock, paper, and a calendar. However, her history classroom did not contain a clock or a calendar.

(a) Using reconstructive memory, describe why Saima incorrectly recalled some items from her history classroom.

(2)

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(b) Explain **one** strength and **one** weakness of reconstructive memory as an explanation of Saima's recall of the items from her history classroom.

(4)

Strength

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Weakness

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(Total for Question 4 = 6 marks)

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5 Ken is planning to research whether the time of day has an impact on working memory processing speed. He intends to use high school students from the city where he lives for his research.

(a) Describe how Ken would gather a stratified sample for his research.

(2)

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(b) To test working memory processing speed, Ken intends to ask his participants to complete a series of mathematical calculations in the morning. They will then return to complete another set of mathematical calculations in the afternoon.

Ken will time (in seconds) how long each participant takes to complete the task in the morning and in the afternoon to see if there is a difference.

Explain which statistical test Ken would use for his data.

(2)

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(Total for Question 5 = 4 marks)



6 Evaluate the multi-store model of memory (Atkinson and Shiffrin, 1968).

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(Total for Question 6 = 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 18 MARKS



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SECTION C

Biological Psychology

7 Oscar investigated whether there was a relationship between attitudes to recreational drug use and parts of the personality (id, ego and superego) according to Freud.

Participants completed a personality questionnaire to determine how strongly they were dominated by the 'id'. The questionnaire was scored out of 10, with 10 being strongly dominated by the 'id'.

They also completed a questionnaire about how they felt about recreational drug use in society. The questionnaire was scored out of 10, with 10 being completely in favour of recreational drug use.

(a) Complete **Table 1** and calculate the Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for Oscar's study.

(4)

Personality score	Rank 1	Attitude to recreational drug use score	Rank 2	d	d ²
2	1	3	1.5		
8	6	9	7		
5	3	6	4		
6	4.5	7	6		
9	7.5	10	8		
3	2	3	1.5		
6	4.5	6	4		
9	7.5	6	4		
Total:					

Table 1

SPACE FOR CALCULATIONS

Spearman's rank correlation coefficient



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(b) Using the critical values table for Spearman's rank, determine the lowest level of significance Oscar could use for his results to be significant for a directional (one-tailed) hypothesis.

(2)

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(Total for Question 7 = 6 marks)



8 In your studies of biological psychology, you will have learned about **one** adoption study.

Explain **one** strength and **one** weakness of your chosen adoption study.

(4)

Chosen study

Strength

Weakness

(Total for Question 8 = 4 marks)

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9 Rachael is in prison for assault. She has a history of aggressive behaviour such as fighting and shouting abuse at people.

Rachael was exercising with a group of other prisoners, but has been placed in solitary confinement for pushing over another prisoner who had tried to take her trainers.

She told a prison officer that she often feels very stressed and angry with other people, but is unable to manage her aggression.

Discuss the role of hormones as an explanation of Rachael's behaviour.

(8)

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(Total for Question 9 = 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION C = 18 MARKS



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SECTION D

Learning Theories

10 Zoë investigated the use of operant conditioning in training two different animals. She trained squirrels and mice to successfully complete a maze that she had designed.

Zoë used positive reinforcement with the squirrels and mice, by giving each animal two acorns every time it found the way out of the maze. She recorded the length of time it took each animal to complete the maze successfully.

(a) Using the Scientific Procedures Act (1986), state **two** considerations Zoë would have made for her research with squirrels and mice.

(2)

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(b) State a fully operationalised directional (one-tailed) experimental hypothesis for Zoë's investigation.

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(c) Explain **one** strength of Zoë's research in terms of reliability.

(2)

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(d) Explain **one** improvement that could be made to Zoë's investigation in terms of validity.

(2)

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(Total for Question 10 = 8 marks)



11 Evaluate the classic study by Watson and Rayner (1920).

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(Total for Question 11 = 8 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION D = 16 MARKS



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(Total for Question 12 = 8 marks)



P 6 5 4 4 9 A 0 2 9 3 2

13 In cognitive psychology and learning theories you will have learned about the use of psychological knowledge in society, including key questions of relevance in society.

Evaluate the use of psychological knowledge from cognitive psychology and learning theories in society.

You must use concepts, theories and/or research from cognitive psychology and learning theories in your answer.

(12)

[Dotted lines for student answer]



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Handwriting practice area with 20 sets of horizontal lines. Each set consists of a solid top line, a dashed middle line, and a solid bottom line.



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(Total for Question 13 = 12 marks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION E = 20 MARKS

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 90 MARKS

