

Answer **all** the questions.

1 In this question you must show detailed reasoning.

A surface S is defined by $z = f(x, y)$ where $f(x, y) = x^3 + x^2y - 2y^2$.

- (a) On the coordinate axes in the Printed Answer Booklet, sketch the section $z = f(2, y)$ giving the coordinates of any turning points and any points of intersection with the axes. [4]
- (b) Find the stationary points on S . [7]

2 G is a group of order 8.

- (a) Explain why there is no subgroup of G of order 6. [1]

You are now given that G is a cyclic group with the following features:

- e is the identity element of G ,
- g is a generator of G ,
- H is the subgroup of G of order 4.

- (b) Write down the possible generators of H . [2]

M is the group $(\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}, +_8)$ where $+_8$ denotes the binary operation of addition modulo 8. You are given that M is isomorphic to G .

- (c) Specify all possible isomorphisms between M and G . [4]

3 The matrix \mathbf{A} is given by $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$.

- (a) Determine the characteristic equation of \mathbf{A} . [3]
- (b) Hence verify that the eigenvalues of \mathbf{A} are 1, 2 and 6. [1]
- (c) For each eigenvalue of \mathbf{A} determine an associated eigenvector. [4]
- (d) Use the results of parts (b) and (c) to find \mathbf{A}^n as a single matrix, where n is a positive integer. [6]

- 4 The sequence u_0, u_1, u_2, \dots satisfies the recurrence relation $u_{n+2} - 3u_{n+1} - 10u_n = 24n - 10$.
- (a) Determine the general solution of the recurrence relation. [6]
- (b) Hence determine the particular solution of the recurrence relation for which $u_0 = 6$ and $u_1 = 10$. [3]
- (c) Show, by direct calculation, that your solution in part (b) gives the correct value for u_2 . [1]

The sequence v_0, v_1, v_2, \dots is defined by $v_n = \frac{u_n}{p^n}$ for some constant p , where u_n denotes the particular solution found in part (b).

You are given that v_n converges to a finite non-zero limit, q , as $n \rightarrow \infty$.

- (d) Determine p and q . [4]
- 5 A surface S is defined for $z \geq 0$ by $x^2 + y^2 + 2z^2 = 126$. C is the set of points on S for which the tangent plane to S at that point intersects the x - y plane at an angle of $\frac{1}{3}\pi$ radians.
- Show that C lies in a plane, Π , whose equation should be determined. [6]

- 6 You are given that $q \in \mathbb{Z}$ with $q \geq 1$ and that

$$S = \frac{1}{(q+1)} + \frac{1}{(q+1)(q+2)} + \frac{1}{(q+1)(q+2)(q+3)} + \dots$$

- (a) By considering a suitable geometric series show that $S < \frac{1}{q}$. [3]
- (b) Deduce that $S \notin \mathbb{Z}$. [2]

You are also given that $e = \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{r!}$.

- (c) Assume that $e = \frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are positive integers. By writing the infinite series for e in a form using q and S and using the result from part (b), prove by contradiction that e is irrational. [3]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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